MFS RESEARCH BRIEF

MEDICAL RELEASE AND TRANSITION

The Needs of Medically Releasing Canadian Armed Forces Personnel and Their Families

FACTORS FOR TRANSITION SUCCESS

FACTOR 1



SATISFYING EMPLOYMENT

Veterans attributed satisfying employment post-release as the most important factor for their successful transition.

FACTOR



MENTAL HEALTH

Positive mental health and well-being contributes to successful transition, while mental health challenges make transitions difficult.

FACTOR



FAMILY AND SOCIAL SUPPORT NETWORKS

Relationships with family and other significant others support veteran transition to civilian life.

IMPROVING SUCCESS: Families require support to navigate the transition process, to establish new civilian identities, and to connect to civilian support services.

MEDICAL RELEASE STATISTICS Difficulties (25%) No Difficulties (75%) Physical Illness/Injury (60%) Psychological Illness/Injury (40%) Percentage of Transition Percentage of Releases Due to Physical or **Process Experiences Psychological Limitations**

NEEDS OF FAMILY CAREGIVERS

ECONOMIC NEEDS

Caregivers may need assistance to maintain or increase labour force engagement in order to support the family.

SERVICE NEEDS

Caregivers experience levels of distress about availability of support services and require information to increase access.



HEALTH NEEDS

Caregivers experience high levels of physical and mental health problems and require respite and support.

SOCIAL NEEDS

Caregiving can interfere with time for socializing, increasing risk of isolation and burnout

Psycho-Education Educate adults and children about the impact of the illness/injury and the expected recovery process.

Reduce family distress and disorganization through family care management and provision of practical socioeconomic support (e.g. motivational interviewing, linkages to services and referral assistance.

Family Care Management

EVIDENCE-BASED SUPPORT STRATEGIES

Emotion Regulation

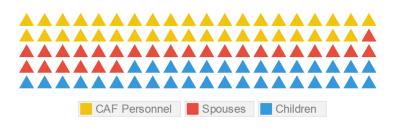
Develop emotion regulation skills necessary for ongoing dialogue and collaboration (e.g. mindfulness-based stress reduction, cognitive behavioural therapy).



Promote helpful and ongoing communication about the illness/injury that incorporates developmentally appropriate language (e.g. injury communication).

Encourage optimism through development of successful problem-solving and shared future goals (e.g. medical family therapy, ambiguous loss, individual placement and support).





NUMBERS AFFECTED EACH YEAR

Approximately 1000 CAF personnel are medically released every year.

With those 1000 releasing personnel, 700 spouses and 900 children are affected.

